

BIRKS & MAYORS INC.

AUDIT COMMITTEE OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

CHARTER

I. PURPOSE

The primary purpose of the Audit Committee (the "Committee") of Birks & Mayors Inc. (the "Corporation") is to provide assistance to the Board of Directors (the "Board") in fulfilling their oversight responsibility relating to: (1) the accounting and financial reporting process and the internal control system of the Corporation, (2) the quality and integrity of the Corporation's financial statements, (3) the Corporation's compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, (4) the independent accountants' qualifications and independence and (5) the performance of the Corporation's internal audit function and independent accountants.

In addition to the primary purpose of the Committee as set forth above and the responsibilities and authority vested in the Audit Committee under Rule 10A-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), the Committee's primary duties and responsibilities are to:

- Ensure its receipt from the outside auditors of a formal written statement delineating all relationships between such auditor and the Corporation, consistent with the Independence Standards Board Standard 1.
- Actively engage in a dialogue with the auditor with respect to any disclosed relationships or services that may impact the objectivity and independence of the outside auditor.
- Oversee that management has established and maintained processes to assure compliance by the Corporation with all applicable laws and regulations and corporate policy that relate to the Corporation's financial statements and recommend that the Board take such action relative to such processes as it deems appropriate.

The Committee will primarily fulfill these responsibilities by carrying out the activities enumerated in Section IV of this Charter.

II. COMPOSITION

The Committee shall be comprised of three or more directors as determined by the Board, each of whom shall be independent as defined in accordance with the Section 121A of the Rules of the American Stock Exchange (the "Exchange") (or any similar rule of any such exchange on which the Corporation's stock shall be listed in the future), Rule 10A-3 under the Exchange Act and the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (the "Act") and the rules promulgated thereunder. Each member shall be free from any relationship that, in the opinion of the Board, would interfere with the exercise of his or her independent judgment as a member of the Committee.

All members of the Committee shall at the time of appointment have a working familiarity with basic finance and accounting practices and an ability to read and understand fundamental financial statements, including a company's balance sheets, income statement, and cash flow statement. At least one member of the Committee shall be an "audit committee financial expert", as defined by SEC rules, and shall have past employment experience in finance or accounting, requisite professional certification in accounting, or any other comparable experience or background which results in the individual's financial sophistication, including but not limited to being or having been a chief executive officer, chief financial officer, other senior officer with financial oversight responsibilities, or an active participant on one or more public company audit committees. Committee members may enhance their familiarity with finance and accounting by participating in educational programs conducted by the Corporation or an outside consultant.

Committee members shall not serve on more than three audit committees of public companies simultaneously unless the Board determines that it does not believe that such service would impair the member's ability to effectively serve on the Committee.

The members of the Committee shall be elected by the Board at the annual meeting of the Board or until their successors shall be duly elected and qualified. Unless a Chair is elected by the full Board, the members of the Committee may designate a Chair by majority vote of the full Committee membership. The Committee may form and delegate authority to subcommittees comprised of one or more members, including the authority to grant pre-approvals of audit and non-audit services, provided that decisions of such subcommittees to grant pre-approvals shall be presented to the full Committee at its next scheduled meeting.

III. MEETINGS

A majority of the Committee shall constitute a quorum, and the actions of a majority of the members of the Committee present at any meeting at which a quorum is present, or actions unanimously adopted in writing without holding a meeting, shall be the acts of the Committee. The Chair of the Committee shall report to the Board of Directors following the meetings of the Committee. The Committee may ask members of management or others to attend any meetings and provide pertinent information as necessary. The Committee shall meet at least quarterly or more frequently as circumstances dictate. As part of its job to foster open communication, the Committee shall meet at least annually with management, the director of the internal auditing department and the independent accountants in separate executive sessions to discuss any matters that the Committee or each of these groups believe should be discussed privately. In addition, the Committee should meet with the independent accountants and management periodically to review the Corporation's financials consistent with IV.4. below.

IV. RESPONSIBILITIES AND DUTIES

To fulfill its responsibilities and duties, the Committee shall:

DOCUMENTS/REPORTS REVIEW

1. Review and reassess the adequacy of this Charter, and if necessary, update this Charter, on at least an annual basis or more frequently as conditions dictate.
2. Review and comment upon the Corporation's annual financial statements and any reports or other financial information submitted to any governmental body or the public, including the internal control report to be included in the Corporation's annual report in accordance with the Act and rules promulgated thereunder, as well as any certification, report, opinion, or review rendered by the independent accountants.
3. Review the regular internal reports to management prepared by the internal auditing department and management's responses.
4. Review with financial management and the independent accountants the Forms 6-K and 20-F and earnings press releases and earnings guidance provided to analysts and ratings agencies prior to filing or prior to the release of earnings.
5. Conduct or authorize investigations into any matters within the Committee's scope of responsibility.
6. Retain and determine appropriate funding needed by the Committee for payment of: (1) compensation to the independent accountants engaged for the purpose of preparing or issuing audit reports or performing other audit, review, or attest services for the Corporation; (2) compensation to any advisers employed by the Committee; and (3) ordinary administrative expenses of the Committee that are necessary or appropriate in carrying out its duties, including the conduct of any investigation, or to discuss matters that may have a significant impact on the Corporation, including those matters that may affect its financial reporting, auditing procedures, or compliance policies and programs.

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

7. Select and retain, evaluate, oversee, determine appropriate funding for and where appropriate discharge and replace the Corporation's independent accountants engaged for the purposes of preparing or issuing an audit report or performing other audit, review or attest services for the Corporation (or nominate the independent accountant to be proposed for stockholder ratification in any proxy statement), considering independence and effectiveness. The independent accountant must report directly to the Committee.
8. Confirm that the independent accountants satisfy the auditing, quality control, ethics and independence requirements of the Act (and of the accounting board created pursuant to the Act), the rules of the Commission and, if applicable, the rules of the Exchange).

9. On an annual basis, obtain from the independent accountants a formal written statement delineating all relationships between the independent accountant and the Corporation, consistent with Independence Standards Board Standard 1, and review and discuss with the accountants all significant relationships the independent accountants have with the Corporation to determine the accountant's independence.
10. Actively engage in dialogue with the independent accountants with respect to any disclosed relationships or services that may affect the objectivity and independence of the accountants and take, or recommend that the full Board take, appropriate action to oversee the independence of the independent accountants.
11. Periodically consult with the independent accountants out of the presence of management about internal controls and the fullness and accuracy of the Corporation's financial statements.
12. Ensure that the independent accountants do not provide to the Corporation any non-audit services, the provision or receipt of which is prohibited by the Act or the rules of the Commission under the Act.
13. Approve in writing in advance any provision by the independent accountants to the Corporation of any non-audit services the provision of which is not prohibited by the Act or the rules of the Commission under the Act. The Committee does not have to pre-approve non-audit services provided that (i) the fees for all such services do not aggregate to more than five percent of total fees paid by the Corporation to the independent accountants in the fiscal year when services are provided; (ii) such services were not recognized as non-audit services at that time of engagement; and (iii) such services are promptly brought to the attention of the Committee and approved by the Committee prior to the completion of the audit.
14. At least annually, obtain and review a report by the independent accountants describing (i) their firm's internal quality control procedures; and (ii) any material issues raised by the most recent internal quality control review, or peer review, of their firm, or by any inquiry or investigation by governmental or professional authorities, within the last five years, respecting one or more independent audits carried out by the firm, and any steps taken to address any such issues.
15. Meet with the independent accountants and discuss the role of the Committee, the fact that the independent accountants report to the Committee, and the form and content of the report to be delivered to the Committee.
16. Set policies for the hiring by the Corporation of employees or former employees of the independent accountants.
17. The Committee shall determine that the independent accountants have a process in place to address the rotation of the lead audit partner and other audit partners serving the account as required under the SEC independence rules.

FINANCIAL REPORTING PROCESSES

18. In consultation with the independent accountants and the internal auditors, review the scope of the audit and the integrity of the Corporation's financial reporting processes, both internal and external.
19. Consider the independent accountants' judgments about the quality and appropriateness of the Corporation's accounting principles as applied in its financial reporting.
20. Consider and recommend for approval, or if appropriate, approve, major changes to the Corporation's auditing and accounting principles and practices as suggested by the independent accountants, management or the internal auditing department.
21. Discuss with management, the internal auditors, and the independent accountants (1) management's process for evaluating its disclosure controls and procedures and (2) any changes in internal control over financial reporting.

PROCESS IMPROVEMENT

22. Establish regular and separate systems of reporting to the Committee by each of management, the independent accountants and the internal auditors regarding any significant judgments made in preparation of the financial statements and the view of each as to appropriateness of such judgments.
23. Following completion of the annual audit, review separately with each of management, the independent accountants and the internal auditing department any significant difficulties encountered during the course of the audit, including any restrictions on the scope of work or access to required information.
24. Review any significant disagreement among management and the independent accountants or the internal auditing department in connection with the preparation of the financial statements.
25. Review with the independent accountants, the internal auditing department and management the extent to which changes or improvements to financial or accounting practices, as approved by the Committee, have been implemented.
26. Establish procedures for receiving, retaining and responding to complaints received by the Corporation regarding accounting, internal accounting controls or auditing matters, and the confidential, anonymous submission by employees of the Corporation of concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters. Such procedures are attached hereto as Exhibit A.

ETHICAL AND LEGAL COMPLIANCE

27. Ensure that management has the proper review system in place to ensure that the Corporation's financial statements, reports and other financial information disseminated to governmental organizations and the public satisfy legal requirements.
28. Review the Corporation's policies with respect to risk assessment and risk management, including the risk of fraud. Discuss any major financial risk exposures and the steps management has taken to monitor and control such exposures.
29. The Committee shall review the Corporation's compliance and ethics programs, including consideration of legal and regulatory requirements, and shall review with management its periodic evaluation of the effectiveness of such programs. The Committee shall review the Corporation's code of conduct and programs that management has established to monitor compliance with such code. The Committee shall receive any corporate attorneys' reports of evidence of a material violation of securities laws or breaches of fiduciary duty by the Corporation.
30. Review proposed significant, complex, and/or unusual transactions, the business rationale, approval, and monitoring of such transactions, and their effect on the financial statements.
31. Review activities, organizational structure, and qualifications of the internal audit department.
32. Perform an evaluation of its performance at least annually to determine whether the Committee is functioning effectively.
33. Review, with the organization's counsel, any legal matters, that could have a significant impact on matters within the scope of the Committee.
34. Perform any other activities consistent with this Charter, the Corporation's By-laws and governing law, as the Committee or the Board deem necessary or appropriate.

The Committee shall have unrestricted access to the Corporation's personnel and documents and will be given the resources necessary to operate under this Charter as determined by the Committee, including the authority to engage independent counsel and other advisers, as it determines necessary to carry out its duties.

V. LIMITATION ON THE COMMITTEE'S ROLE

Although the Committee has the responsibilities and powers set forth in this Charter, it is not the duty of the Committee to plan or conduct audits or to determine that the Corporation's financial statements and disclosures are complete and accurate and are in accordance with GAAP and applicable rules and regulations, which is the responsibility of management and the independent accountant.

This Charter was last updated _____.